Zero-shot Synthesis with Group-Supervised Learning

ICLR 2021

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Agenda

- Motivation ⬅
  - Visual Cognition: Human -->Machines
- Problem Statement and Approach
- Experiments
  - Qualitative results
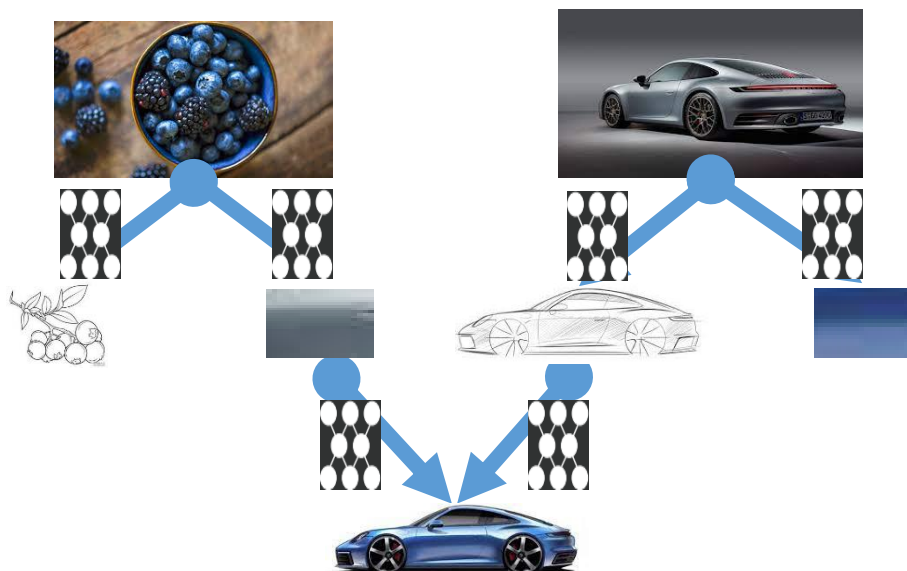 - Quantitative results
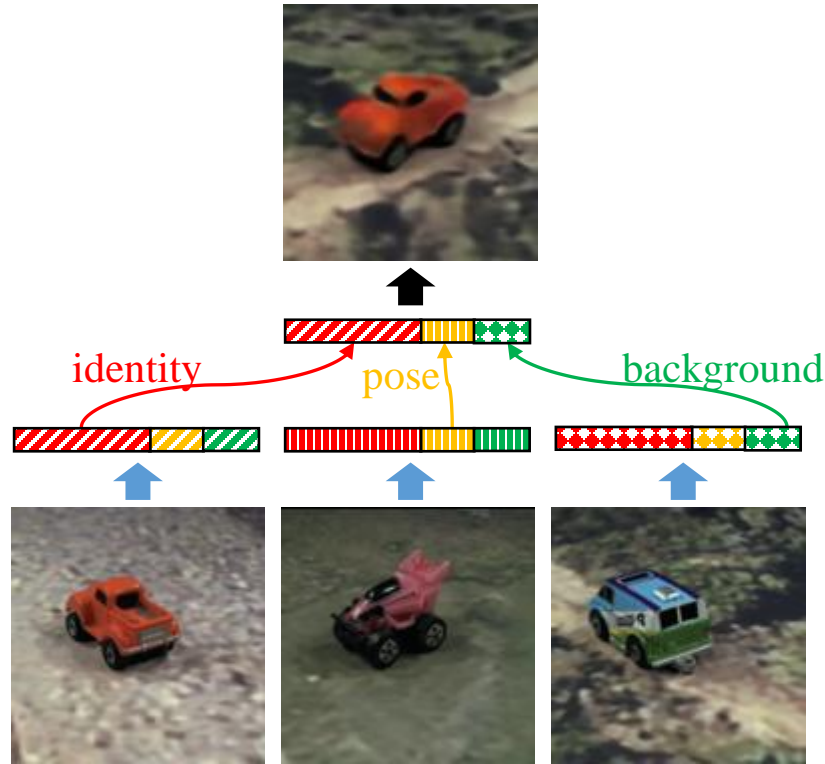
"Envision" a *novel* visual object

Zero-shot synthesis

Group-Supervised Learning

Knowledge Factorization[1]

Controllable Disentangled Representation Learning

[1] Logothetis et al., 1995.

Group-Supervised learning (GSL) allows us to **decompose** inputs into a **disentangled representation** with **swappable** components, that can be **recombined** to synthesize new samples.

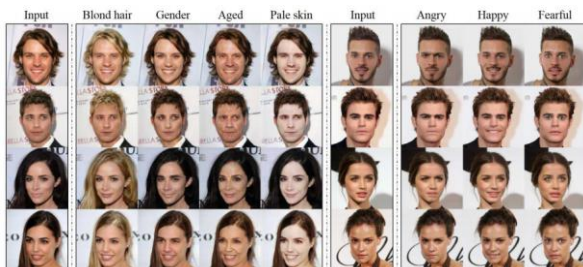# **Controllable** Disentangled Representation Learning

Unsupervised
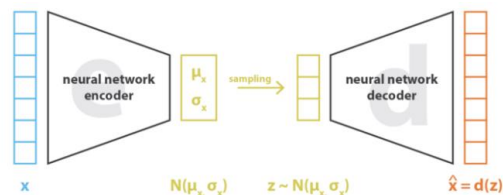
$loss = ||\, x - \hat{x} \,||^2 + KL[\, N(\mu_x, \sigma_x), N(0, I)\,] = ||\, x - d(z)\,||^2 + KL[\, N(\mu_x, \sigma_x), N(0, I)\,]$

VAE DP Kingma, et al. 2016
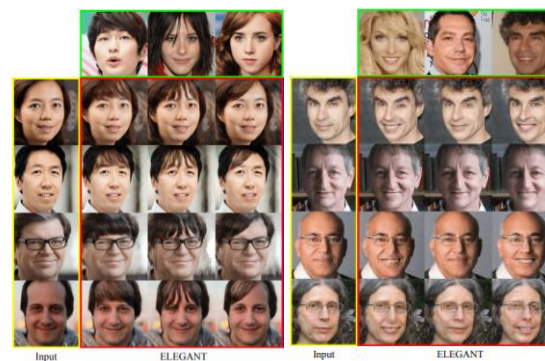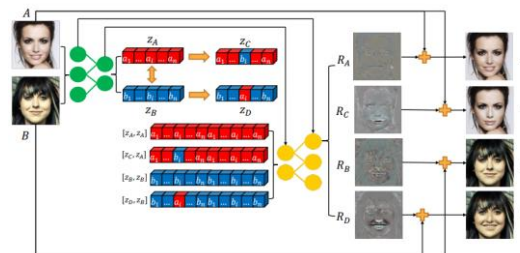
☹ Controllable

Supervised

StarGAN Choi, Yunjey, et al. 2018

😄 Controllable
☹ Global semantical consistency
☹ Easy implement and training

Supervised
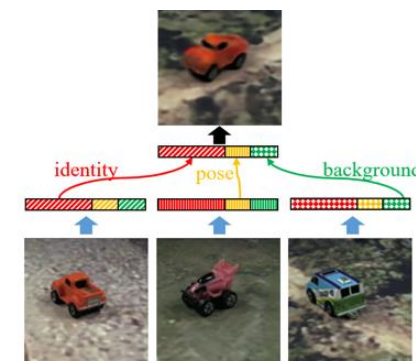
ELEGANT Xiao, T. et al. 2018

Supervised

Group-Supervised Learning (Ours)

😄 Controllable
😊 Global semantical consistency
😄 Easy implement and training

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  - Qualitative results
  - Quantitative results

Given: Dataset --> **Multi-graph**

Letter : A
Size : large
Font color : red
Background color : orange
Font : Abadi

Fonts: http://ilab.usc.edu/datasets/fonts

Goal: Controllable Synthesis by Disentangle Representation Learning

Group-Supervised Learning

Controllable Disentanglement: (1) Predefine partition (2) Mine the similarity by attribute swap.
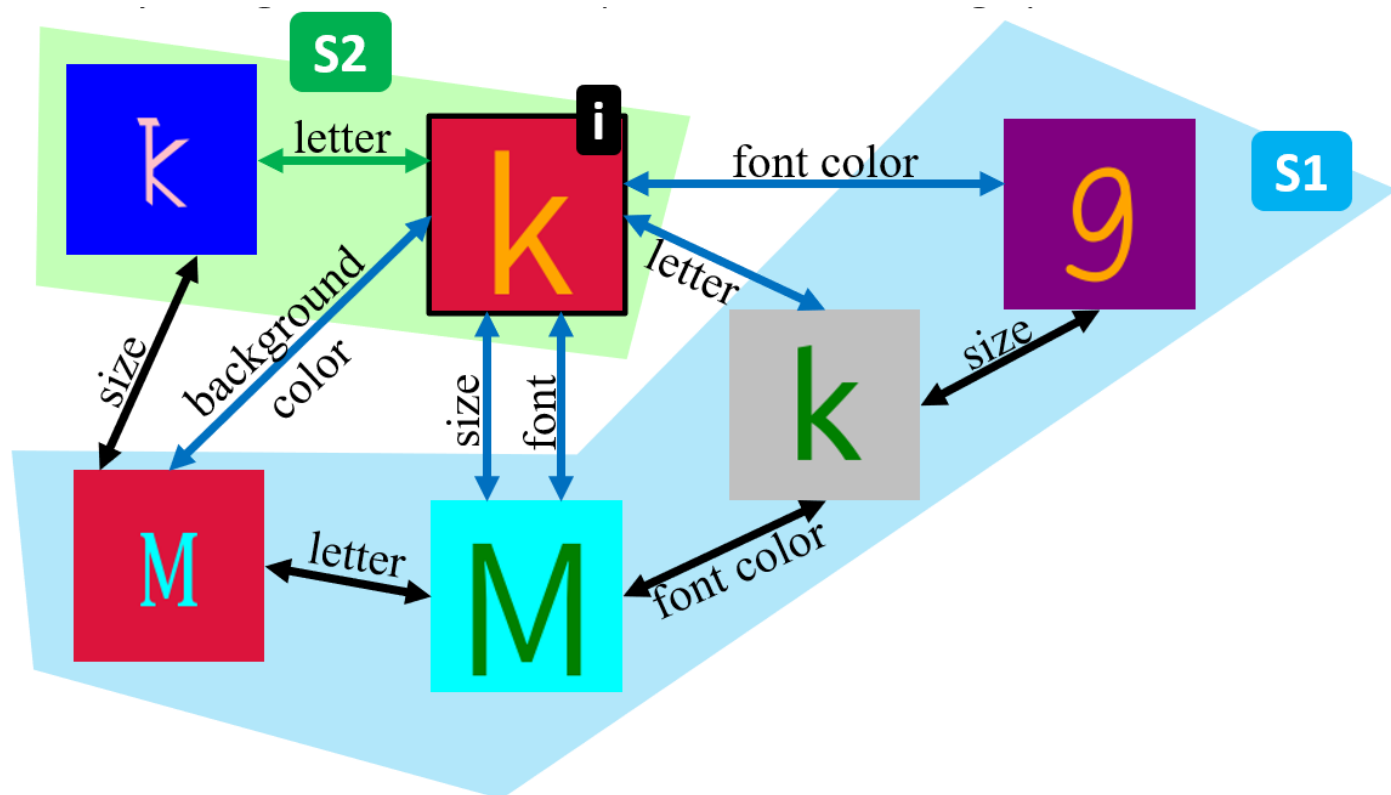
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- Experiments ⟵
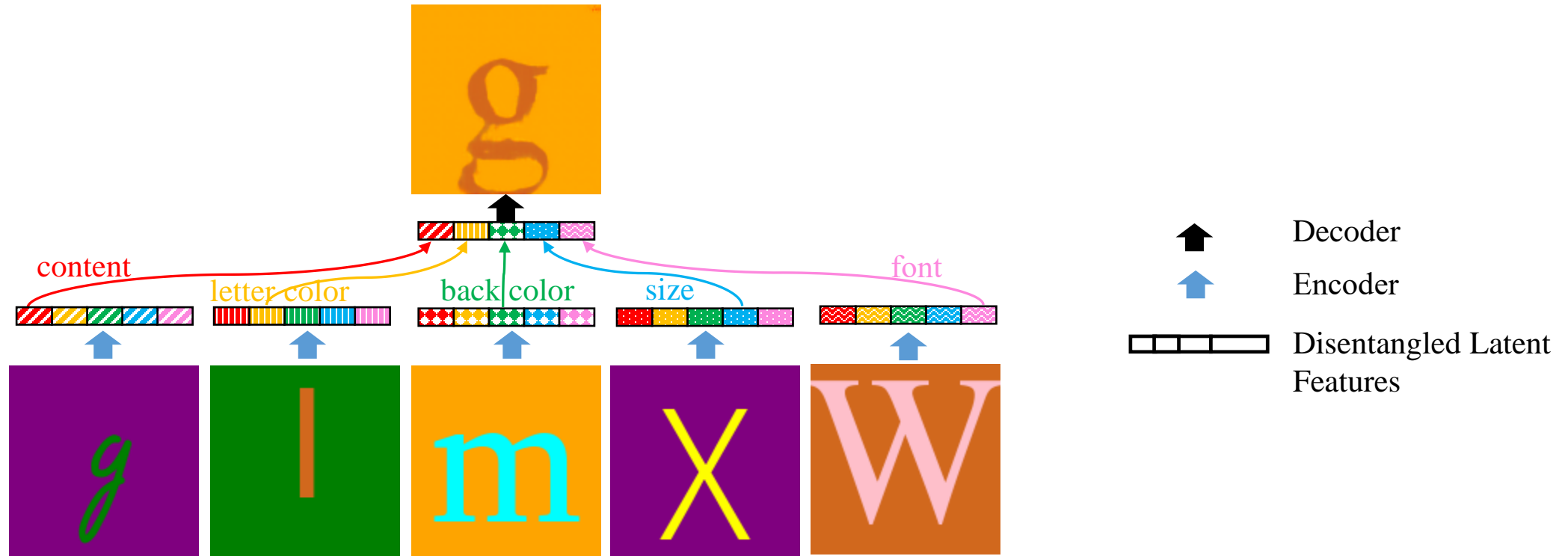 - Qualitative results
  - Quantitative results

Qualitative Results 1 --- iLab-20M [1]

[1] ilab-20m: A large-scale controlled object dataset to investigate deep learning. Borji, A., Izadi, S. and Itti, L., CVPR 2016
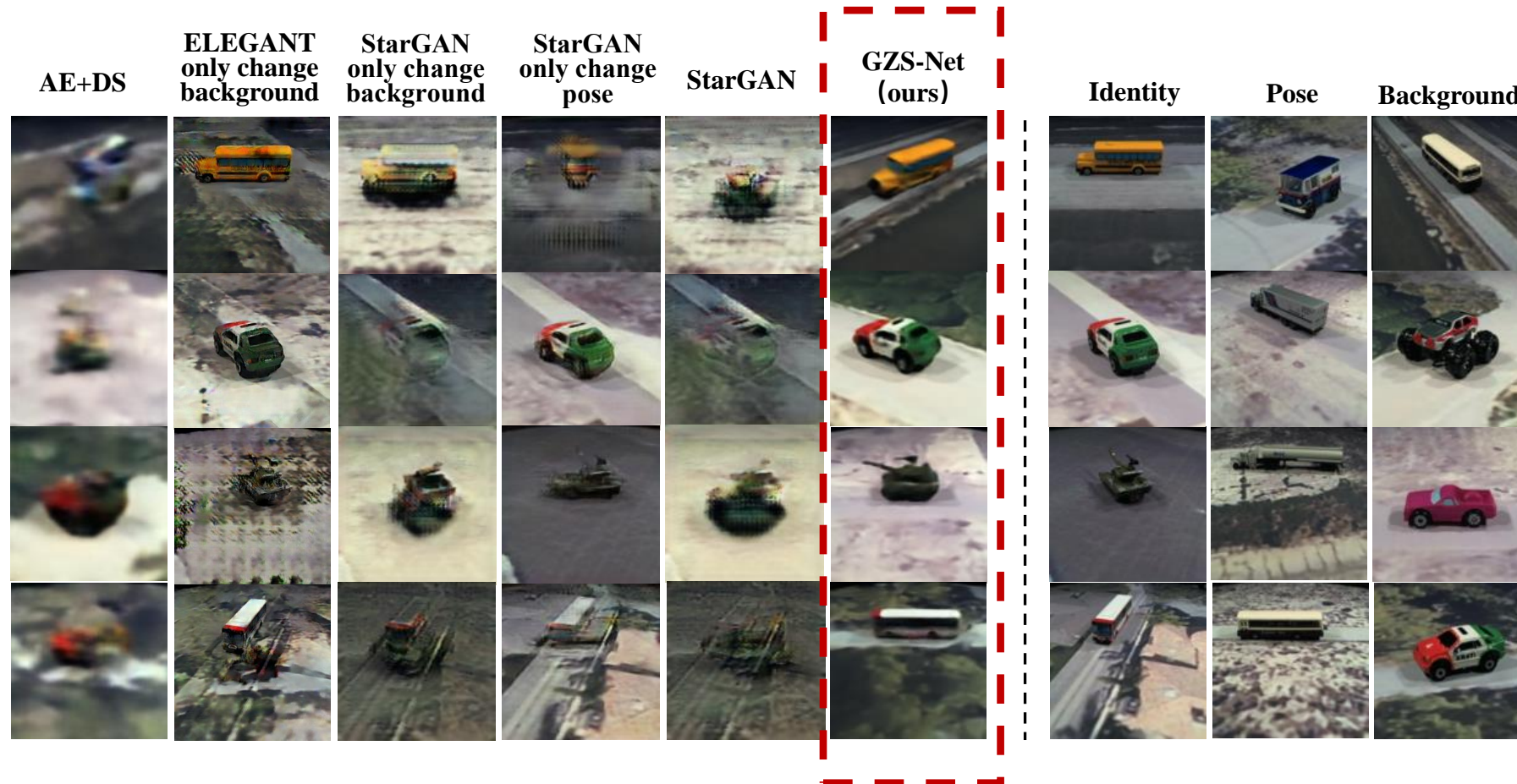
Qualitative Results 2 --- Fonts

Fonts: http://ilab.usc.edu/datasets/fonts
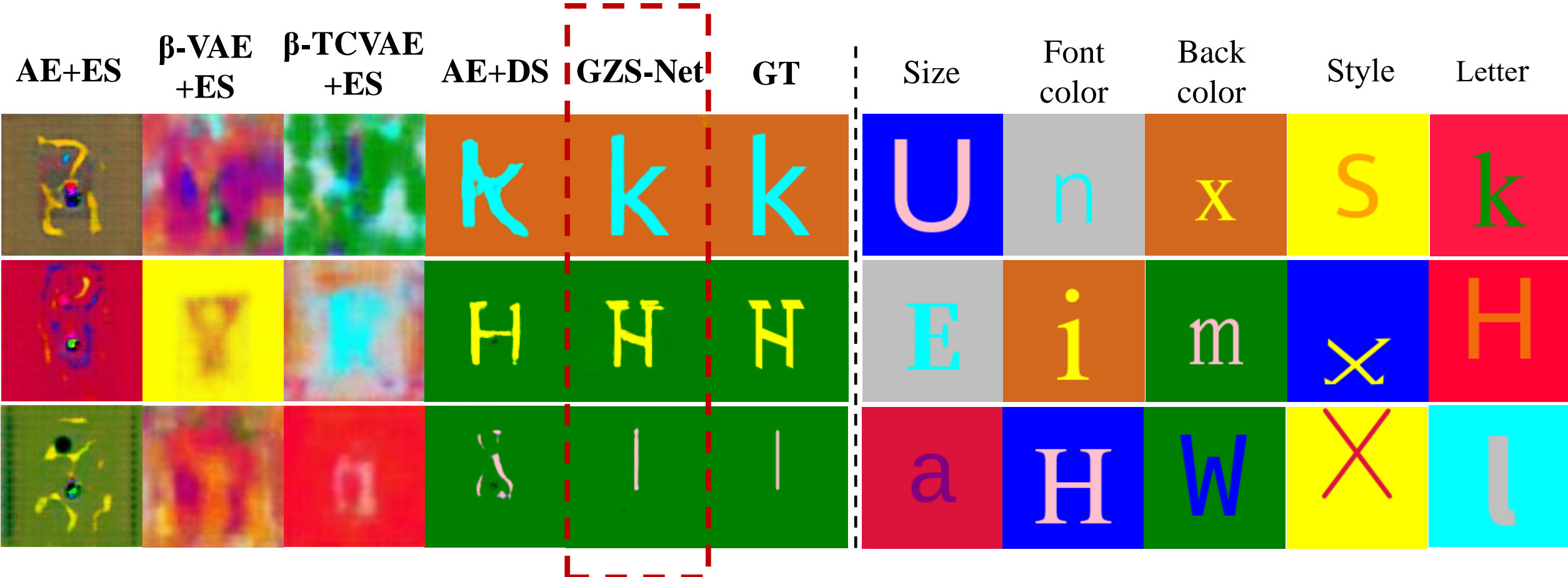
Qualitative Results 3 --- RaFD [1]

AE+DS	Ours	Identity	Pose	Expression

[1] Langner, Oliver, et al. "Presentation and validation of the Radboud Faces Database." Cognition and emotion 24.8 (2010): 1377-1388.
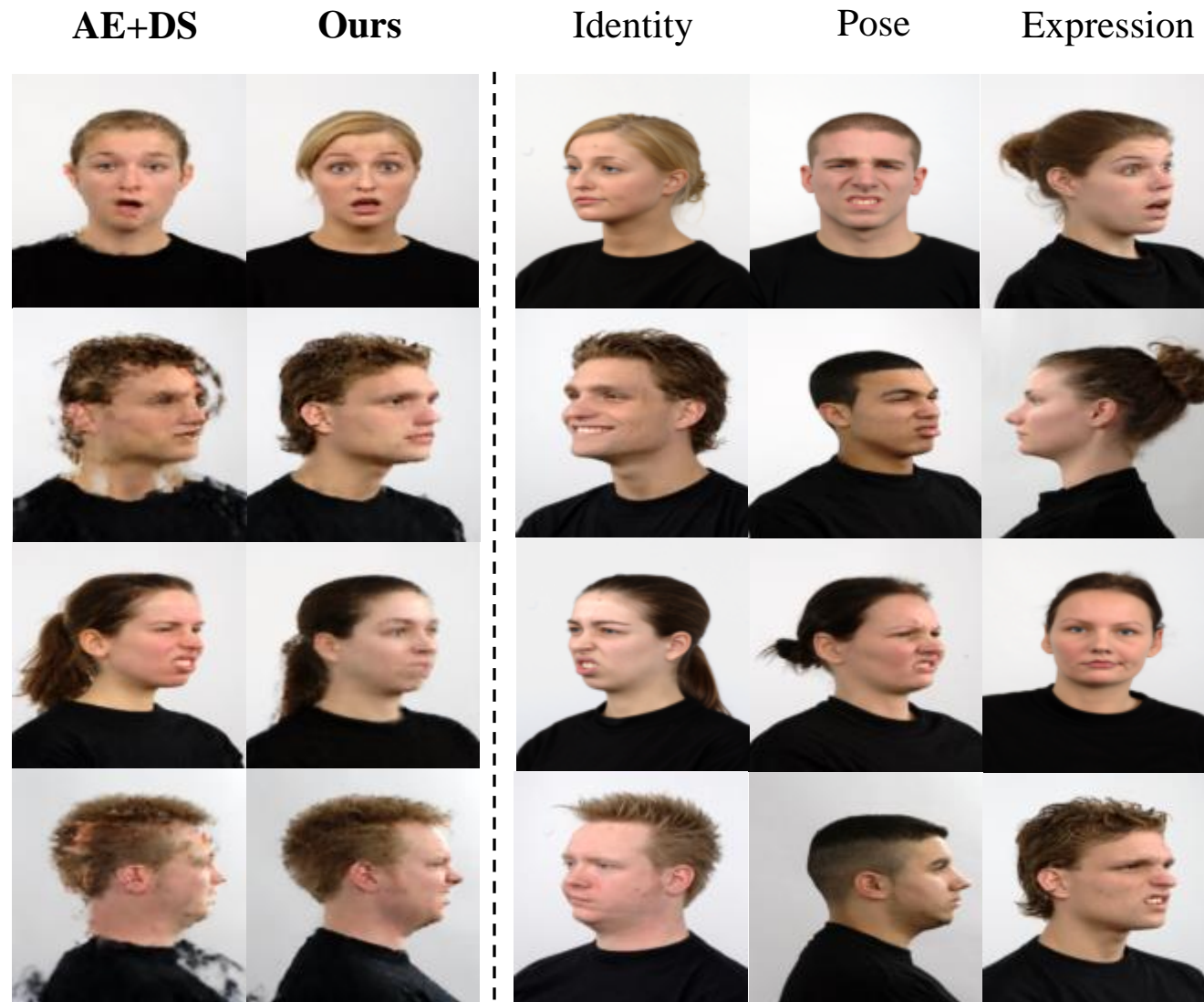
Quantitative Results 1 --- Disentanglement analysis

Table 1: Disentangled representation analysis. Diagonals are bolded.

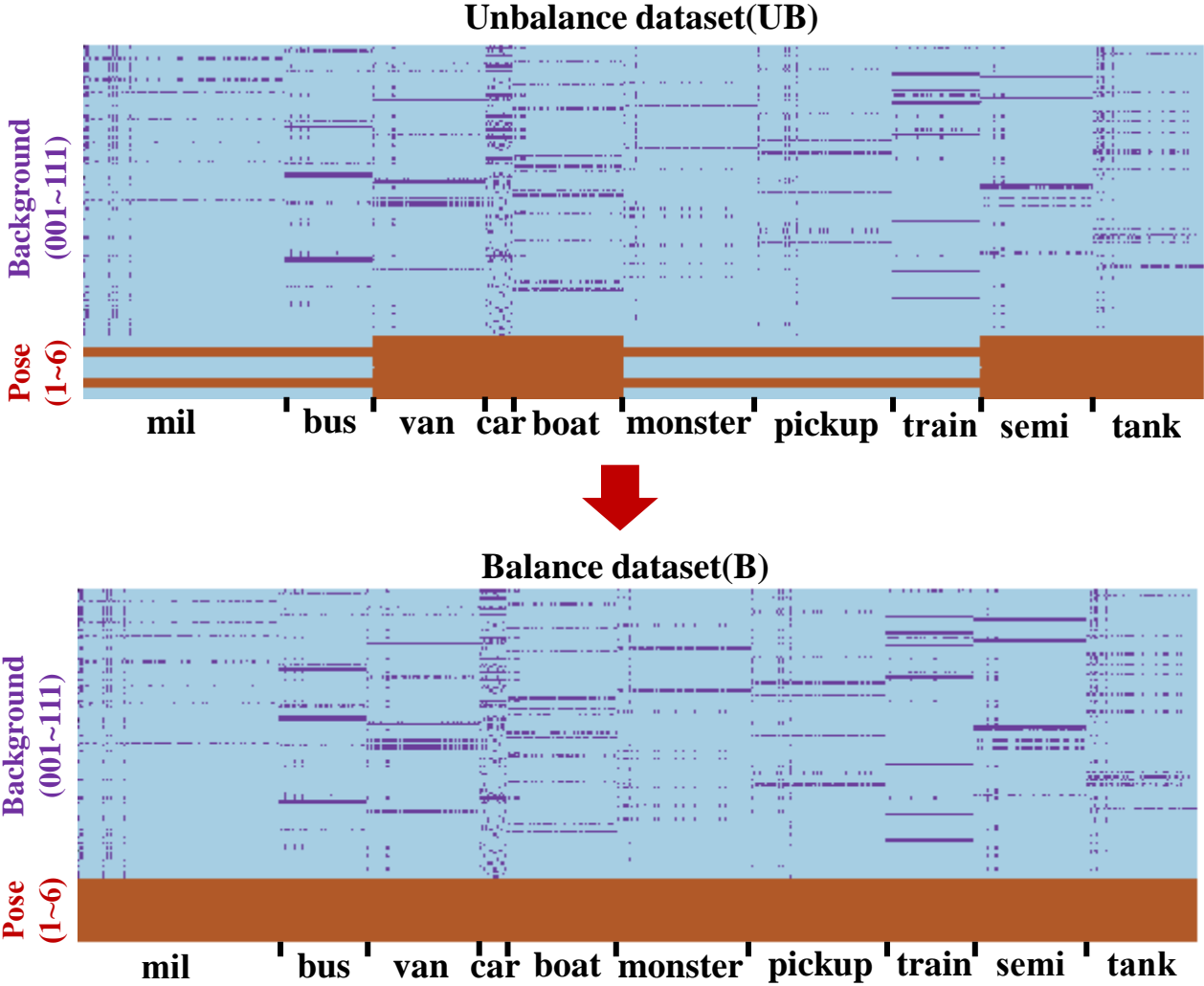| $\mathcal{A}$ (|$\mathcal{A}$|)	GZS-Net					Auto-encoder					AE + DS					β-VAE + ES					β-TCVAE + ES				
	C	S	FC	BC	St	C	S	FC	BC	St	C	S	FC	BC	St	C	S	FC	BC	St	C	S	FC	BC	St
Content (52)	**.99**	.92	.11	.13	.30	**.48**	.60	.71	.92	.06	**.99**	.72	.22	.20	.25	**.02**	.35	.11	.19	.01	**.1**	.39	.13	.11	.01
Size (3)	.78	**1.0**	.11	.15	.36	.45	**.61**	.77	.96	.07	.54	**1.0**	.19	.23	.25	.02	**.38**	.29	.11	.01	.02	**.47**	.18	.19	.01
FontColor (10)	.70	.88	**1.0**	.16	.23	.48	.60	**.67**	.95	.06	.19	.64	**1.0**	.66	.20	.02	.33	**.42**	.11	.01	.02	.35	**.21**	.13	.01
BackColor (10)	.53	.78	.21	**1.0**	.15	.53	.63	.64	**.93**	.08	.32	.65	.29	**1.0**	.25	.02	.34	.11	**.86**	.01	.03	.40	.24	**.75**	.01
Style (100)	.70	.93	.12	.12	**.63**	.49	.60	.70	.94	**.06**	.38	.29	.20	.20	**.65**	.02	.33	.10	.11	**.02**	.02	.33	.10	.08	**.01**

Quantitative Results 2 --- Data Augmentation

Unbalance dataset(UB)

Background (001~111)

Pose (1~6)

mil bus van car boat monster pickup train semi tank

Balance dataset(B)

Background (001~111)

Pose (1~6)

mil bus van car boat monster pickup train semi tank

Dataset	UB	B	S-B	A-UB	Test
Source	real	real	GZS-Net synthesized	Traditional augmented	real
Numbe	25149	37417	37395	37395	37469
Overall Accuracy on Test	56.5	64.4	**63.5**	56.6	

Font dataset

Primary motivation : allows fast testing and idea iteration, on disentangled representation learning and zero-shot synthesis.
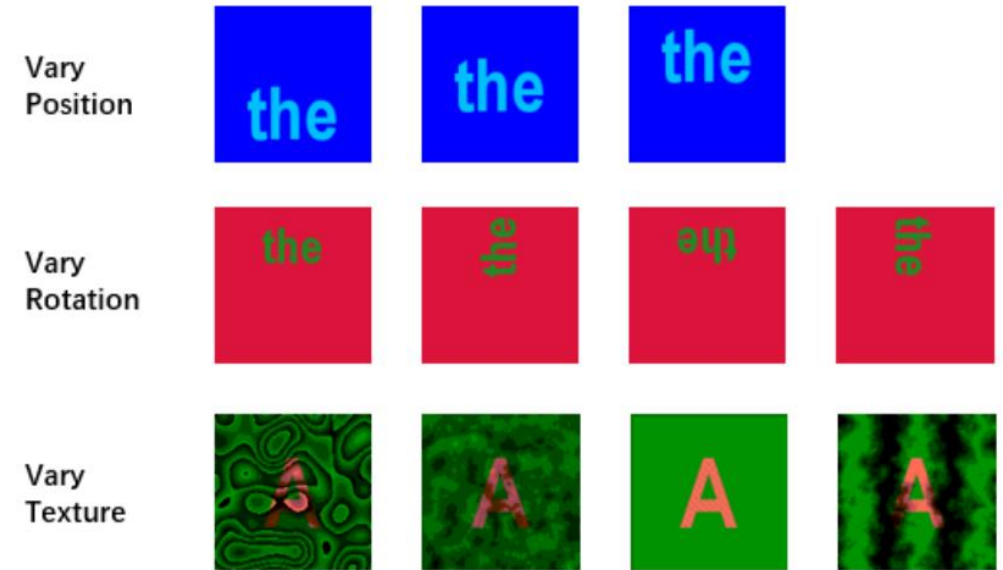
Group-Supervise Learning

Website: